

- Primary metals, the most energy intensive branch, require 35 times more energy to produce one unit of value added than machinery, the branch with the lowest intensity.
- Non metallic minerals (15 times more intensive) and chemicals (8 times)
- A reduction in the share of energy intensive branches in the industrial value added with an increase in the share of equipment and machinery will result, all things being equal, in a reduction of the average energy intensity of manufacturing.

